

## States and Network #15

Reasons for Long-Term Catheters	AZ	CO	NV	NM	UT	WY	Network
<b>2001</b>							
Number of long-term catheters	464	171	90	122	53	15	915
Fistula or graft maturing	16.4	22.8	10.0	18.9	26.4	26.7	18.0
Temporary	13.1	12.9	8.9	15.6	9.4	20.0	12.9
All fistula or graft sites exhausted	20.9	29.8	24.4	27.9	30.2	26.7	24.5
No fistula or graft surgically created	26.1	18.7	30.0	22.1	18.9	20.0	24.0
Infection	4.3	6.4	2.2	9.0	5.7	20.0	5.5
Surgeon's choice	11.2	8.2	14.4	4.1	7.5	13.3	9.8
Surgeon unavailable	0.0	1.2	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3
Nephrologist's choice	12.9	1.8	3.3	8.2	5.7	13.3	8.9
Patient's choice	21.8	31.6	28.9	17.2	37.7	33.3	24.8
Transplant scheduled	1.9	0.0	2.2	0.8	0.0	0.0	1.3
Other reason	19.2	19.9	20.0	22.1	18.9	26.7	19.9
Average # of reasons reported per patient	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	2.0	1.5
<b>2002</b>							
Number of long-term catheters	522	203	105	163	45	16	1,054
Fistula or graft maturing	19.3	17.7	11.4	27.6	20.0	18.8	19.5
Temporary	9.4	11.3	13.3	17.2	11.1	18.8	11.6
All fistula or graft sites exhausted	19.7	33.0	32.4	22.1	35.6	56.3	25.1
No fistula or graft surgically created	30.7	18.7	15.2	24.5	28.9	18.8	25.6
Infection	4.0	2.5	4.8	2.5	11.1	6.3	3.9
Surgeon's choice	5.6	5.9	11.4	3.1	4.4	6.3	5.8
Surgeon unavailable	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nephrologist's choice	10.7	1.5	0.0	1.8	0.0	6.3	6.0
Patient's choice	22.6	34.0	33.3	18.4	22.2	12.5	25.0
Transplant scheduled	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9
Other reason	33.5	20.7	13.3	23.3	17.8	37.5	26.9
Average # of reasons reported per patient	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.5

Percents do not sum to 100%, since multiple reasons could be reported for use of each long-term catheter.

### Access Conversion from Catheter January 2001 - January 2002, Network #15

Patients Converting from...	#	%
<b>All Catheters in 2001</b>	761	100.0
to Catheter in January 2002	469	61.6
to Fistula in January 2002	142	18.7
to Graft in January 2002	150	19.7
<b>Long-Term Catheters in 2001</b>	520	100.0
to Catheter in January 2002	340	65.4
to Fistula in January 2002	93	17.9
to Graft in January 2002	87	16.7
<b>Short-Term Catheters in 2001</b>	241	100.0
to Catheter in January 2002	129	53.5
to Fistula in January 2002	49	20.3
to Graft in January 2002	63	26.1

#### Subcutaneous Access

In January 2001, 5 patients were reported to be using subcutaneous access devices in Network #15; their average blood flow rate was 370 ml/min.

In January 2002, 15 patients were reported to be using such devices; their average blood flow rate was 393 ml/min.

This information has been provided to you as a resource by the Intermountain End-Stage Renal Disease Network. If you have questions about your data, please call 303-831-8818.